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7	Attamas va fan Dafan damta					
8	Attorneys for Defendants SACRAMENTO HOUSING AND REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, LA SHELLE DOZIER, MARYLIZ PAULSON, TORY LYNCH, TANYA CRUZ, TAMEKA JACKSON, LISA MACIAS, TIFFANY BROWN,					
9						
10	and IBRA HENLY	,				
11						
12	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT					
13	EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA					
14	SYDNEY BROOKE ROBERTS and	No.: 2:22-cv-01699 DJC AC				
15	DAVID TYRONE SAMUEL					
16	Plaintiffs,	DEFENDANTS' REPLY IN SUPPORT OF MOTION TO ENFORCE PARTIES'				
17	V.	AGREEMENT TO SETTLE AND DISMISS				
18	SACRAMENTO HOUSING AND	INSTANT LAWSUIT				
	REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY, et al	A				
19	Defendants.	Assigned to Magistrate Allison Claire				
20		DATE: June 25, 2025 TIME: 10:00 am				
21		COURTROOM: 26				
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23	Plaintiffs' Opposition rests solely on their erroneous argument that the parties did					
24	not have a final contract because Defendants prepared a Release. The case of Optima					
25	Tax Relief, LLC v. Channel Clarity, Inc. (Central Dist. January 21, 2026) 2016 U.S. Dist.					
26	LEXIS 184774 is directly on point and supports Defendants' motion.					
27	In Optima Tax Relief, LLC, Optima brought a suit against Channel for copyrigh					
28	infringement, false advertising and unfair competition. On November 9, 2015, Channe					

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emailed Optima with a settlement proposal with specific terms, including a dismissal with prejudice, each party to bear its own fees and costs and mutual release, and an immediate ceasing of Channel's operations regarding the allegedly infringing website (*Id.* at 2.)

Two days later, on November 11, 2025, Optimal responded to Channel that the offer was "very promising", that it was satisfied with the non-monetary portion but that it needed money to settle (*Id.* at 2-3.)

Five days later, on November 16, 2015, Optima emailed Channel enquiring if Optima would get money (Id. at 3.) Channel responded that Optima should make a counteroffer (Id. at 3.) Optima responded by writing "30k, last and best on the money" and added it considered the non-monetary relief settled (Id. at 3.) Channel responded in writing that it agreed with the terms, including a mutual release, and asked for confirmation of the settlement (Id. at 3.) The following day, November 17, 2015, Optima emailed that the parties "had a deal" and informed Channel that its counsel had informed the court of the settlement pursuant to local rules (*Id.* at 3-4.)

On November 19, 2015, Channel emailed a settlement agreement and general release to Optima, adding that it was a draft settlement agreement for Optima's review, and asked to be informed of proposed changes (Id. at 4.) On November 24, 2015, Optima returned the redlined version of the settlement agreement, with one section being substantially revised (Id. at 5-6.) Channel responded to Optima's proposed edits by accepting most of the terms but objecting to the revised section (Id. at 6.) Optima and Channel corresponded further until, on November 30, 2015, Channel agreed to the settlement agreement but that it would not re-negotiate the terms previously agreed to by Optima (Id. at 7.) Channel further stated that unless Optima signed the settlement agreement on the terms agreed-upon, it would file a motion to enforce the agreement (Id. at 7-8.) Optima replied to Channel it would not oppose such a motion based on backing out of the settlement but would focus on the one, revised section (*Id.* at 8.)

In its opposition to Channel's motion, Optima argued that the November 16, 2015 email made "clear that the material terms of the settlement agreement were not fully set 8 9

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forth" in the emails of November 16, 2015 and that the parties "intended to only be bound by a complete written agreement..." (Id. at 10.) Optima further argued that Channel's draft settlement agreement "made substantial changes to the scope of the releases promised, the method of payment, added new terms regarding tax treatment," and others (*Id.* at 11.)

The Optima court analyzed the November 16 and 17 emails and concluded there was no ambiguity as to the settlement's material terms or Optima's acceptance of the offer. (Id. at 12.) The court also concluded that the fact that the agreement was to be reduced to a written settlement agreement was immaterial (emphasis added)(Id. at 13.) "[A]nticipation of a more formal future writing does not nullify an otherwise binding agreement" (Id. at 13; Abbot Labs v. Alpha Therapeutic Corp. 164F.3d 385,388 (7th Cir.1999).)

The Optima court focused on the November 16, 2015 and November 17, 2015 emails between the parties to conclude there "was no ambiguity as to the settlement's material terms or Optima's acceptance of the offer" (Id. at 12.) The court held that the parties entered into "a binding settlement agreement on November 17, 2015, which incorporated by reference certain non-monetary relief provisions set forth in the November 9, 2015 email" (Id. at 13.) and granted Channel's motion to enforce the settlement agreement with the terms being those set forth in the November 16, 2015 email and dismissed the action with prejudice.

As in *Optima*, in our case, on Thursday, June 5, 2025, at about 10:26 a.m., in pro per Plaintiffs emailed Defendants' counsel, Monica Castillo, and offered a settlement of the instant matter including a "mutual walkaway" and dismissal of the action, and agreed to sign a dismissal reflecting certain terms (Castillo Decl.) ¶ 7.)

Later that same day, at about 11:10 am, Ms. Castillo emailed Plaintiffs that she had authorization to accept Plaintiffs' offer to settle and dismiss the instant matter on the grounds Plaintiffs set forth in their offer, informed Plaintiffs that she would prepare the Release and forward to them for their review and execution, and advised Plaintiffs of the usual practice that Plaintiffs notify the court as soon as possible that the parties had agreed to settle the matter (Castillo Decl. ¶ 8.)

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(Castillo Decl. ¶ 11.)

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instant matter, Ms. Castillo informed her clients that the matter was settled and would be dismissed (Castillo Decl. ¶ 10.). On June 10, 2025, Ms. Castillo emailed Plaintiffs with a proposed Settlement and Release Agreement ("Agreement") for their review and execution. The Agreement

encapsulated Plaintiffs' previously requested terms and included a confidentiality term

As a result of the parties' written offer and acceptance to settle and dismiss the

Shortly thereafter, that same day, Plaintiffs emailed Ms. Castillo that the settlement offer was withdrawn (Castillo Decl. ¶ 12). On June 11, 2025, Ms. Castillo emailed Plaintiffs that Defendants would be filing the instant motion (Castillo Decl. ¶ 13.)

Later that same day, Plaintiffs emailed Ms. Castillo to state their claim of the absence of any binding agreement to settle, that Plaintiffs did not agree to certain terms within the proposed Agreement and that "Defendants unilaterally introduced material terms including a non-disclosure agreement, non-disparagement provisions and other substantive restrictions – that were never accepted by Plaintiffs and were never incorporated into a fully executed written agreement" (Castillo Decl. ¶ 14.)

It is clear that, similar to Optima, Plaintiffs and Defendants in the instant case entered into a binding settlement agreement on June 5, 2025, when Plaintiffs emailed to Defendants their offer to settle the matter, with a dismissal of all claims with prejudice, each side to bear its own fees and costs, a mutual release of all claims, no further pursuit of sanctions by either party, and no retaliation by either party and Plaintiffs' offer to sign a dismissal reflecting the terms, all of which Defendants accepted in their email later that day, even stating their agreement to Plaintiffs' terms.

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1	Defendants respectfully urge this Court to grant the instant motion and dismiss this				
2	case with prejudice.				
3					
4	Dated: July 9, 2025 WILSON ELSER MOSKOWITZ				
5		!	EDELMAN & DIC	KER LLP	
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7		By:	Monica Ca. EDWARD P. G.	ARSON	
8			MONICA CAST		
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1	CERTIFICATE OF SERVICE				
2 3	Brooke Roberts, et al. v. Sacramento Housing and Redevelopment Agency, et al. USDC, Eastern District of California, No. 2:22-cv-01699-TLN-AC				
4	I certify that on July 9, 2025, I electronically filed the foregoing document(s) and that they are available for viewing and downloading from the Court's CM/ECF system, and that all participants in the case are registered CM/ECF users and that service will b accomplished by the CM/ECF system.				
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6 7	Executed on July 9, 2025, at San Francisco, California.				
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